Agricultural Marketing Service, USDA

have a good characteristic flavor; that have development characteristics of raisins prepared from reasonably well-matured and/or fairly well matured grapes; that contain not more than 20 percent, by weight, of moisture; and meet the additional requirements as outlined in Table V of this subpart.

(c) "Substandard" is the quality of Zante Currant Raisins that fail to meet the requirements of U.S. Grade B.

TYPE VI—MIXED TYPES OF RAISINS

§ 52.1858 Grades of mixed types or varieties of raisins.

The grade of a lot of mixed types of processed raisins shall be the lower (or lowest) grade of any varietal type in the mixture based on the respective requirements for each type, except for moisture, in accordance with this subpart. Mixed types of processed raisins of U.S. Grade A, U.S. Grade B, or U.S. Grade C may contain not more than 18 percent, by weight, of moisture. Mixed types of processed raisins that as a mixture exceed 18 percent, by weight, of moisture are "Substandard."

Subpart—United States Standards for Grades of Dried Prunes

SOURCE: 21 FR 8177, Oct. 25, 1956, unless otherwise noted. Redesignated at 42 FR 32514, June 27, 1977, and further redesignated at 46 FR 63203, Dec. 31, 1981.

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION, VARIETAL TYPES, SIZES, GRADES

§52.3181 Product description.

Dried prunes are prepared from sound, properly matured prune plums from which the greater portion of moisture is removed by drying. The dried prunes are cleaned to assure a wholesome product; they may be treated with water or steam; and a safe and suitable preservative may be added.

[30 FR 11596, Sept. 10, 1965. Redesignated at 42 FR 32514, June 27, 1977 and further redesignated at 46 FR 63203, Dec. 31, 1981]

§ 52.3182 Varietal types of dried prunes.

- (a) *Type I*. French; or Robe; or a mixture of French and Robe.
 - (b) Type II. Italian.

- (c) Type III. Imperial; or Sugar; or a mixture of Imperial and Sugar.
- (d) *Type IV*. Any other types; or mixtures of any types other than mixtures in Type I and Type III of this section.

§52.3183a Styles of dried prunes.

- (a) Whole Unpitted—from which pits have not been removed.
- (b) Whole Pitted—from which pits have been removed.

[30 FR 11596, Sept. 10, 1965. Redesignated at 42 FR 32514, June 27, 1977 and further redesignated at 46 FR 63203, Dec. 31, 1981]

§ 52.3183b Count-sizes of whole unpitted dried prunes.

- (a) Count-sizes. Except for U.S. Grade A or U.S. Fancy, the count-sizes of dried prunes are not incorporated in the grades of dried prunes. The count-sizes of dried prunes in this subpart refer to the count (or number) of prunes per pound of dried prunes. The various sizes of dried prunes for the respective varietal types are commonly designated as follows, but may be designated by other numerical expressions:
- (1) $Type\ I$; $Type\ IV$. 30/40, 40/50, 50/60, 60/70, 70/80, 80/90, 90/100, 100/120, 120 and over.
- (2) Type II. 25/35, 35/45, 30/40, 40/50, 50/60, 60/70, 70/80, 80/90, 90/100.
- (3) *Type III*. 15/20, 18/24, 20/30, 30/40, 40/50, 50/60, 60/70.
- (b) Recommended size nomenclature. The following size nomenclature is recommended for the respective "countsizes" of dried prunes:

| Extra large | Average: pound. | Not | more | than | 43 | prunes | per |
|-------------|-----------------|-----|------|------|----|--------|-----|
| Large | Average: pound. | Not | more | than | 53 | prunes | per |
| Medium | Average: pound. | Not | more | than | 67 | prunes | per |
| Small | Average: pound. | Not | more | than | 85 | prunes | per |

[21 FR 8177, Oct. 25, 1956. Redesignated at 30 FR 11596, Sept. 10, 1965, and further redesignated at 42 FR 32514, June 27, 1977 and 46 FR 63203, Dec. 31, 1981]

§52.3184 Grades of dried prunes.

(a) "U.S. Grade A" or "U.S. Fancy" is the quality of dried prunes that, except for mixed types, possess similar varietal characteristics; that are fairly uniform in size and average 85 prunes

§52.3184

or less per pound; that meet the applicable moisture limits in Table IV of this subpart but regardless of size and kind of packaging are reasonably uniform in moisture; and that do not exceed the total allowances and limitations for defects shown in Table I of this subpart.

(b) "U.S. Grade B" or "U.S. Choice" is the quality of dried prunes that, except for mixed types, possess similar varietal characteristics; that are fairly uniform in size; that meet the applicable moisture limits in Table IV of this subpart but regardless of size and kind of packaging are reasonably uniform in moisture; and that do not exceed the total allowances and limitations for defects shown in Table II of this subpart.

(c) "U.S. Grade C" or "U.S. Standard" is the quality of dried prunes that, except for mixed types, possess

similar varietal characteristics; that are fairly uniform in size; that meet the applicable moisture limits in Table IV of this subpart but regardless of size and kind of packaging are reasonably uniform in moisture; and that do not exceed the total allowances and limitations for defects shown in Table III of this subpart

(d) "Substandard" is the quality of dried prunes that meet the applicable moisture limits in Table IV of this subpart but regardless of size and kind of packaging are reasonably uniform in moisture; and that may fail to meet other requirements for U.S. Grade C or U.S. Standard, but not more than 5 percent, by weight, of the dried prunes may be affected by mold, dirt, foreign material, insect infestation, or decay: *Provided*, That not more than 1 percent, by weight, of the dried prunes may be affected by decay.

TABLE I-U.S. GRADE A OR U.S. FANCY; ALLOWANCES FOR DEFECTS

| Total allowance | | Limitations | |
|--|---|--|---|
| Not more than a total of 10 percent, by weight, may be damaged or af- fected by: | Not more than 6 percent, weight, may be damaged affected by: | | Not more than 1 percent, by weight, may be affected by: |
| Off-color. Poor texture. End cracks. Skin or flesh damage. Fermentation. Scars. Heat damage. Insect injury. Other means. Mold. Dirt. Foreign material. Inset infestation. Decay. | Poor texture. End cracks. Skin or flesh damage. ² Fermentation. Scars. Heat damage. Insect injury. Other means. Mold. Dirt. Foreign material. Insect infestation. Decay. | Mold. Dirt. Foreign material. Insect infestation. Decay. | Decay. |

TABLE II—U.S. GRADE B OR U.S. CHOICE: ALLOWANCES FOR DEFECTS

| Total allowance | | Limitations | |
|--|--|--|---|
| Not more than a total of 15 percent, by weight, may be damaged or af- | Not more than 8 percent, by weight, may be damaged or affected by: | Not more than 4 percent, by weight, may be affected by: | Not more than 1 percent, by weight, may be affected by: |
| fected by: Off-color. Poor texture. End cracks. Skin or flesh damage. ² Fermentation. Scars. Heat damage. Insect injury. Other means. Mold. | Poor texture. End cracks. Skin or flesh. damage. ? Fermentation. Scars. Heat damage. Inset injury. Other means. Mold. Dirt | Mold Dirt. Foreign material. Inset infestation. Decay. | Decay. |

TABLE II—U.S. GRADE B OR U.S. CHOICE: ALLOWANCES FOR DEFECTS—Continued

| Total allowance | | Limitations | |
|--|--|-------------|--|
| Dirt. Foreign material. Insect infestation. Decay. | Foreign material. Insect infestation. Decay. | | |

TABLE III—U.S. GRADE C OR U.S. STANDARD ALLOWANCES FOR DEFECTS

| Total allowance | | Limitations | |
|---|---|---|--|
| Not more than a total of 20 percent, by weight, may be damaged or af- fected by: | Not more than 10 percent, by weight, may be damaged or affected by: | Not more than 8 percent, by weight, may be damaged or affected by: | Not more than 5 percent, by weight, may be affected by: |
| Off-color. Poor texture. End cracks. 1 Skin or flesh damage. 2 Fermentation. Scars. Heat damage. Insect injury. Other means. Mold. Dirt. Foreign material. Insect infestation. Decay. | End cracks. ¹ Skin or flesh damage. ² Fermentation. Scars. Heat damage. Insect injury. Other means. Mold. Dirt. Foreign material. Insect infestation. Decay. | Skin or flesh damage. 2 Fermentation. Scars. Heat damage. Insect injury. Other means. Mold. Dirt. Foreign material. Insect infestation. Decay. | Mold. Dirt. Foreign material. Insect infestation. Decay. Provided, That not more than 1 percent, by weight, may be affected by decay. |

¹ Except that each ¹ percent of end cracks to, and including, 8 percent, by weight, shall be considered as ½ percent damaged by end cracks; and any additional end cracks shall be calculated as true percentage, by weight. ²Not applicable to "Whole Pitted" style.

TABLE IV—MOISTURE ALLOWANCES FOR DRIED PRUNES

[Non-hermetically sealed containers; 10 pounds or more]

| | Maximum moisture limits (percent) | | |
|-------------------------------|---|---|--|
| Grades | Counts averaging 60 or less per pound | Counts averaging 61 or more per pound | |
| U.S. Grade A or U.S. fancy | 25 | 24 | |
| U.S. Grade B or U.S. choice | 25 | 24 | |
| U.S. Grade C or U.S. standard | 25 | 24 | |
| Substandard | 25 | 24 | |

[21 FR 8177, Oct. 25, 1956, as amended at 30 FR 11596, Sept. 10, 1965. Redesignated at 42 FR 32514, June 27, 1977, and further redesignated at 46 FR 63203, Dec. 31, 1981]

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{Moisture, Uniformity of Size,} \\ \text{Defects} \end{array}$

§ 52.3185 Moisture limits.

Dried prunes shall not exceed the moisture limits for the applicable grades and kind and size of packaging as designated in Table IV of this subpart except there is no moisture limit when safe and suitable preservatives

have been added. "Moisture" means the percentage by weight of the finished dried prunes, exclusive of pits, that is moisture when determined by the Dried Fruit Moisture Tester Method or in accordance with methods that give equivalent results. The moisture limits in Table IV apply only to so-called "bulk packs" of dried prunes packaged in non-hermetically sealed containers holding 10 pounds or more of dried prunes when safe and suitable preservatives have not been added. Such containers include, but are not limited to, wood boxes or fiber boxes.

[30 FR 11596, Sept. 10, 1965. Redesignated at 42 FR 32514, June 27, 1977, and further redesignated at 46 FR 63203, Dec. 31, 1981]

§ 52.3186 Definitions for uniformity of size.

- (a) Fairly uniform in size. "Fairly uniform in size" means that in a sample of 100 ounces:
- (1) For prunes that average 53 prunes or less per pound, the count per pound of 10 ounces of the smallest prunes does not vary from the count per pound of 10